# Extract for Race Category 4 Monohulls JANUARY 2018- DECEMBER 2019

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#### Because this is an extract not all paragraph numbers will be present

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Official interpretations shall take precedence over these Special Regulations and will be indexed, numbered, dated and displayed on the World Sailing web site www.sailing.org/specialregs

### **Language & Abbreviations Used**

Mo - Monohull

Mu - Multihull

" \*\* " means the item applies to all types of boat in all Categories except 5 for which see Appendix B or 6 for which see Appendix C.

#### RED TYPE indicates significant changes in 2019

1.01

Guidance notes and recommendations have been removed from the Regulations and are available on www.sailing.org/documents/offshorespecialregs/index.php

The use of the masculine gender shall be taken to mean either gender

**Purpose and Use** 

#### Administration

The Offshore Special Regulation are administered by the World Sailing Special Regulation Sub-Committee whose terms of reference are as follows: (www.sailing.org/regulations)

World Sailing Regulation 6.9.8.3 - The Special Regulations Sub-Committee shall: (a) be responsible for the maintenance, revision and changes to the World Sailing Offshore Special Regulations governing offshore racing, under licence from ORC Ltd. Such changes shall be biennial with revised editions published in January of each even year, except that matters of an urgent nature affecting safety may be dealt with by changes to the Regulations on a shorter time scale; (b) monitor developments in offshore racing relative to the standards of safety and seaworthiness.

Any queries please E-Mail: technical@sailing.org

### **SECTION 1 - FUNDAMENTAL AND DEFINITIONS**

**	1.02.1	Under RRS 4 the responsibility for a boat's decision to participate in a
	1.02	Responsibility of Person in Charge
		course. This is not included in more onerous OSR categories.
		includes that adequate shelter and or effective rescue is available all along the
		Particular attention is drawn to the description of OSRs for inshore racing which
**	1.01.3	Use of the OSR does not guarantee total safety of the boat and her crew.
		Sailing (RRS), Equipment Rules of Sailing(ERS), class rules and Rating Systems.
		governmental authority, Classification Society certification, the Racing Rules of
**	1.01.2	The OSR do not replace, but rather supplement, the requirements of
		multihull (excluding proa) boats racing offshore.
		minimum equipment, accommodation and training standards for monohull and
**	1.01.1	The purpose of the Offshore Special Regulations (OSR) is to establish uniform
	_	

race or continue racing is hers alone. The safety of a boat and her crew is the sole and inescapable responsibility of the Person in Charge who shall do his best to ensure that the boat is fully found, thoroughly seaworthy and manned by an experienced and appropriately trained crew who are physically fit to face bad weather. The person in charge shall also assign a person to take over his responsibilities in the event of his incapacitation.

1.02.2 Neither the establishment of the OSR, nor their use by Organizing Authorities, nor the inspection of a boat under the OSR in any way limits or reduces the complete and unlimited responsibility of the Person in Charge.

1.02.3 By participating in a race conducted under the OSR, the person in charge, each competitor and boat owner agrees to reasonably cooperate with the organizing authority and World Sailing in the development of an independent incident report as specified in 2.02

### 1.03 Definitions, Abbreviations, Word Usage

1.03.1 Definitions of Terms used in this document

Abbreviation Description # Pound force (lbf)

ABS American Bureau of Shipping
Age Date Month/year of first launch
AIS Automatic Identification Syste

AIS Automatic Identification Systems
CEN Comité Européen de Normalisation

Coaming The part of the cockpit, including the transverse after limit, over which

water would run when the boat is floating level and the cockpit is filled

to overflowing

COLREGS International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea

Contained A cockpit where the combined area open aft to the sea is less than

Cockpit 50% maximum cockpit depth x maximum cockpit width

CPR Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation

Crewmember Every person on board DSC Digital Selective Calling

EN European Norm

EPIRB Emergency Position-Indicating Radio Beacon ERS World Sailing - Equipment Rules of Sailing

FA Station The transverse station at which the upper corner of the transom meets

the sheerline.

First Launch Month & year of first launch of the individual boat

Foul-Weather Clothing designed to keep the wearer dry and may consist of one piece

Suit or several

GMDSS Global Maritime Distress & Safety System

GNSS Global Navigation Satellite System

GPS Global Positioning System

Hatch The term hatch includes the entire hatch assembly including the lid or

cover as part of that assembly

HMPE High Modulus Polyethylene (Dyneema®/Spectra® or equivalent)

IMO International Maritime Organisation

IMSO The International Mobile Satellite Organisation, the independent,

intergovernmental organisation that oversees Inmarsat's performance of its Public Service Obligations for the GMDSS and reports on these to

IMO

INMARSAT Inmarsat Global Limited is the private company that provides GMDSS

satellite distress and safety communications, plus general

communications via voice, fax and data

ISAF International Sailing Federation- (now World Sailing)

ISO International Standard Organization or International Organization for

Standardization.

ITU International Telecommunications Union

Jackstay A securely fastened webbing or rope which permits a crewmember to

move from one part of the boat to another without having to unclip a

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safety harness tether.

LH Hull Length as defined by the ERS

Rope or wire line rigged as guardrail / guardline around the deck Lifeline

LSA IMO International Life-Saving Appliance Code

LWL (Length of) loaded waterline

Monohull A boat with one hull

Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or Moveable **Ballast** influencing stability and/or trim and which may be moved transversely

but not varied in weight while a boat is racing

Multihull A boat with more than one hull

Open Cockpit A cockpit that is not a Contained Cockpit.

Offshore Racing Congress (formerly Offshore Racing Council) **ORC** 

**OSR** Offshore Special Regulation(s)

The item is effectively built-in by e.g. bolting, welding, glassing etc. Permanently

and may not be removed for or during racing. Installed

**PLB** Personal Locator Beacon

**Primary** Month & Year of first launch of the first boat of the production series or

Launch first launch of a non-series boat

Proa Asymmetric Catamaran

Rode Rope, chain, or a combination of both, which is used to connect an

anchor to the boat.

**RRS** ISAF - Racing Rules of Sailing

A tether used to connect a safety harness to a strong point Safety Line

SAR Search and Rescue

**SART** Search and Rescue Transponder

Securely Held strongly in place by a method (e.g. rope lashings, wing-nuts) which will safely retain the fastened object in severe conditions Fastened

including a 180° capsize and allows for the item to be removed and

replaced during racing

**SOLAS** Safety of Life at Sea Convention

SSS The Safety and Stability Screening numeral

Static Ballast Material carried for the sole purpose of increasing weight and/or to

influencing stability and/or trim and which is not moved or varied in

weight while a boat is racing

A safety line (usually shorter than a safety line carried with a harness) Static Safety

Line kept clipped on at a work-station STIX ISO 12217-2 Stability Index

Water carried for the sole purpose of influencing stability and/or trim Variable Ballast

and which may be varied in weight and/or moved while a boat is

Waterline The water surface when the boat is floating in measurement trim

formerly the International Sailing Federation or ISAF World Sailing

The words "shall" and "must" are mandatory, and "should" and "may" are 1.03.2

permissive.

1.03.3 The word "yacht" shall be taken as fully interchangeable with the word "boat".

### **SECTION 2 - APPLICATION & GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

#### 2.01 **Categories of Events**

Organizing Authorities shall select from one of the following categories and may modify the OSR to suit local conditions

#### 2.01.5 Category 4

MoMu4 Short races, close to shore in relatively warm or protected waters normally held in daylight.

#### 2.02 **Incident Reporting**

The Organizing Authority of a race will establish whether any incidents occurred, which if reported would be likely to be relevant to evolving the Offshore Special Regulations, the plan review process, or in increasing safety. The Organizing Authority will follow any guidelines issued by World Sailing concerning incident reporting.

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**	2.03	<b>Inspection</b> A boat may be inspected at any time. If she fails to comply with the OSR her entry may be rejected or she will be subject to protest				
	2.04	General Requirements				
**	2.04.1	All equipment required by OSR shall:				
**	a)	function properly				
**	b)	be regularly checked, cleaned and serviced				
**	c)	when not in use be stowed in conditions in which deterioration is minimised				
**	d)	be readily accessible				
**	e)	be of a type, size and capacity suitable and adequate for the intended use and size of the boat.				
**	2.04.2	Heavy items shall be permanently installed or securely fastened				
	TRUCTU	RAL FEATURES, STABILITY, FIXED EQUIPMENT				
**		A boat shall be/have:				
dede	3.01	Strength of Build and Rig				
**	3.01.1	Properly rigged, fully seaworthy and shall meet the OSR				
**	3.01.2	Equipped with shrouds and at least one forestay that shall remain connected to the mast and the boat while racing				
	3.02	Watertight Integrity of a Boat				
**	3.02.1	Essentially watertight and all openings shall be capable of being immediately				
		secured. Centreboard, daggerboard trunks and the like shall not open into the				
		interior of a hull except via a watertight maintenance hatch with the opening				
		entirely above the Waterline				
	3.04	Stability - Monohulls				
	3.06	Exits - Monohulls				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.06.1	At least two exits if 8.5 m (28') LH and greater and with a Primary Launch after				
		1994. One exit shall be located forward of the foremost mast except where				
Ma0 1 2 2 4	3.06.2	structural features prevent its installation				
Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4		The following minimum clear hatch openings if First Launch after 2013: a circular hatch with diameter 450 mm (18"); or				
Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4	a) b)	any other shape with minimum dimension of 380 mm (15") and minimum area of				
1100,1,2,3,1	b)	0.18 m <sup>2</sup> (1.9 ft <sup>2</sup> ) (see figure 1)				
Mo0,1,2,3,4						
		380				
	3.08	Figure 1 - Measurements of Minimum Clear Opening				
**	3.08.1	Hatches & Companionways Hatch covers forward of the maximum beam station shall not open toward the				
	3.00.1	interior of the boat, except hatches in the side of a coachroof or ports having an				
		area of less than 0.071 m <sup>2</sup> (110 in <sup>2</sup> )				
**	3.08.2	A hatch, including a hatch over a locker shall be:				
**	a)	permanently attached and capable of being firmly shut immediately and				
	,	remaining firmly shut in a 180° capsize				
Mo0,1,2,3,4	b)	above the water when the boat is heeled 90°				
Mo0,1,2,3,4		A boat may have a maximum of two hatches on each side of centerline that do				
		not conform to the requirement in b), provided that the opening of each is less				
		than 0.071 <sup>2</sup> m (110 in <sup>2</sup> )				
	3.08.3	Hatches not conforming with 3.08.1 and 3.08.2 shall be clearly labelled and used				
**	2.00.4	in accordance with the following instruction "NOT TO BE OPENED AT SEA"				
**	3.08.4	Companionway hatches: fitted with a strong securing arrangement which shall be operable from the				
	a)	exterior and interior even when the boat is inverted				
**	b)	blocking devices:				
**	i,	capable of being retained in position with the hatch open or shut				
	-	The state of the s				

** ** Mo0,1,2,3,4	ii iii 3.08.5	secured to the boat (e.g. by lanyard) for the duration of the race permit exit in the event of inversion if a monohull with Open Cockpit(s):
Mo0,1,2,3,4	3.08.5 a)	a companionway sill that does not extend below the local sheerline; or
Mo0,1,2,3,4 Mo0,1,2,3,4	b) 3.08.6	a companionway in full compliance with ISO 11812 category A if a monohull with Contained Cockpit(s) where the companionway extends below the local sheerline, panels capable of blocking the companionway up to the level of the local sheerline whilst giving access to the interior.
	3.09	Cockpits
**	3.09.1	Cockpits that self-drain quickly by gravity at all angles of heel and are permanently incorporated as an integral part of the boat
**	3.09.2	A cockpit sole at least 2% LWL above the waterline (or in IMS boats with First Launch before 2003, at least 2% L above the waterline)
**	3.09.3	A bow, lateral, central or stern well is a cockpit for the purposes of OSR 3.09
**	3.09.4	Cockpit Volume
**		The maximum combined volume below lowest coamings of all contained cockpits shall be:
Extract MoMu2,3,4		primary launch before April 1992: 9% (LWL x maximum beam x freeboard abreast the cockpit)
**	b)	primary launch after March 1992 as above for the appropriate category except
	-,	that "lowest coamings" shall not include any aft of the FA station and no
		extension of a cockpit aft of the working deck shall be included in calculation of
		cockpit volume
**	3.09.5	Cockpit Drains  Cockpit drain gross section area of unabetrusted enonings (after allowance for
11-11-		Cockpit drain cross section area of unobstructed openings (after allowance for screens if fitted) shall be at least that of:
**	a)	2 x 25 mm (1") diameter or equivalent for a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH
**	b)	4 x 20 mm (3/4") diameter or equivalent for a boat 8.5 m (28') LH or greater
	3.10	Sea Cocks or Valves
**	2 4 2 4	Demonstrate the first all and read the second base and all the could be ill as a colour below that
**	3.10.1	Permanently installed sea cocks or valves on all through-hull openings below the waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls
	3.10.1 3.11	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls  Sheet Winches
**	3.11	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls  Sheet Winches  Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be substantially below deck
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**  **  **  **  **  MoMu3,4  **	3.11 3.12 3.12.1 3.14 3.14.1 a) b) i ii iii iv c)	waterline except for integral deck scuppers and instrument through-hulls  Sheet Winches  Sheet winches mounted in such a way that an operator is not required to be substantially below deck  Mast Step  The heel of a keel stepped mast securely fastened to the mast step or adjoining structure  Pulpits, Stanchions, Lifelines  The perimeter of the deck surrounded by system of lifelines and pulpits as follows:  Continuous lifelines fixed only at (or near) the bow and stern. However a gate on each side of a boat is permitted. Except at its end fittings and at gates, the movement of a lifeline in a fore-and-aft direction shall not be constrained. Temporary sleeving shall not modify tension in the lifeline.  Minimum heights of lifelines and pulpit rails above the working deck and vertical openings: upper: 600 mm (24") intermediate: 230 mm (9") vertical opening: no greater than 380 mm (15") except that on a boat with a Primary Launch before 1993 where it shall be no greater than 560 mm (22") a boat less than 8.5 m (28') LH may use a single lifeline system with a height between 450 mm (18") and 560 mm (22")  Lifelines permanently supported at intervals of not more than 2.2 m (7'-2 1/2") and shall not pass outboard of supporting stanchions

		greater, nor further outboard than the edge of the working deck
**	f)	Stanchions straight and vertical except that:
**	i	within the first 50 mm (2") from the deck, stanchions shall not be displaced
		horizontally from the point at which they emerge from the deck or stanchion
		base by more than 10 mm (3/8")
**	ii	stanchions may be angled to not more than 10° from vertical at any point above
		50 mm (2") from the deck
**	g)	A bow pulpit may be open provided the opening between the pulpit and any part
		of the boat does not exceed 360 mm (14")
**		

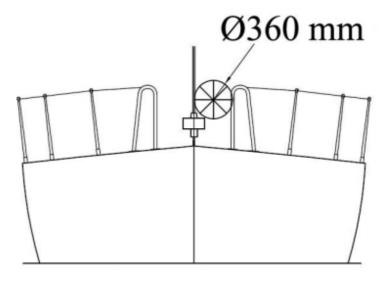


Figure 2 - Diagram Showing Pulpit Opening
Lifelines may terminate at or pass through add

		rigure 2 - Diagram Snowing Pulpit Opening
**	h)	Lifelines may terminate at or pass through adequately braced stanchions set inside and overlapping the bow pulpit
**	:\	1, 9
4.4	i)	When a deflecting force of 4 kg (8.8 #) is applied to a lifeline at the mid-point of
		the longest span between supports that are aft of the mast, the deflection shall
		not exceed:
**	i	50 mm (2") for an upper or single lifeline
**	ii	120 mm (4 ¾") for an intermediate lifeline
	3.14.3	Spare number
	3.14.4	Spare number
	3,14.5	Spare number
	•	Lifeline Specifications
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	Lifelines of either:
	a)	
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	stranded stainless steel wire
1 10 1,1 14	a) i	Stranded Stanness Steel Wile
Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6	HMPE
110 <del>1</del> ,110		1 II'II L
**	a) ii	The maintenance discussion is an existed in table O below
<b>ጥ</b> ጥ	3.14.6	The minimum diameter is specified in table 8 below
1.1.	b)	
**	3.14.6	Stainless steel lifelines shall be uncoated and used without close-fitting sleeving,
	c)	however, temporary sleeving may be fitted provided it is regularly removed for
		inspection.
**	3.14.6	A lanyard of synthetic rope may be used to secure lifelines provided the gap it
	d)	closes does not exceed 100 mm (4"). This lanyard shall be replaced annually
**	3.14.6	All components of the lifeline enclosure system shall have a breaking strength no
	e)	less than the lifeline
	٠,	rest than the member

Mo4,Mu**	3.14.6 f) LH		-	hall be protected from chaf recommended procedures HMPE rope (Single	e and spliced in accordance  HMPE Core (Braid on		
	L.,		WiiC	braid)	braid)		
	under 8	3.5m (28')	3mm (1/8")	4mm (5/32")	4mm (5/32")		
	8.5m - 13m		4mm (5/32")	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")		
	over 13	8m (42'	5mm	5mm (3/16")	5mm (3/16")		
	8")		(3/16")				
	3.18	Toilet					
MoMu3,4	3.18.2		tly installed toi	tly installed toilet or fitted bucket			
M M 1 2 2 4	3.19	Bunks					
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.19.2		ently installed bunks  g Water Tanks & Drinking Water				
	3.21 3.21.1	_	Water Tanks Water Tanks	_			
	3.22	Hand Ho					
**	3.22.1		hand holds fitt	ed helow deck			
	3.23		mps and Buck				
**	3.23.1	_	•		east 9 I (2.4 US Gal) capacity		
	a)		<b>,</b> ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(		
Mo3Mu0,1,2	3.23.1 b)	one perma	anently installe	d manual bilge pump			
Mo4	3.23.1 b)	one manu	al bilge pump				
**	3.23.2	•	•	installed bilge pumps shall anionways shut and with p	be operable with all cockpit		
		-	pipe(s) of suffi		ermanently instance		
**	3.23.3	_		• •	s and shall not discharge into		
	0.20.0	a Closed (	•				
**	3.23.4		•	dily accessible for maintena	ance and for clearing out		
**	3.23.5	All remova	able bilge pump	handles retained by a lan	yard		
	3.24	Compass					
MoMu0,1,2,3,4	-	power sup	ply, correctly a	arine magnetic steering cor adjusted with deviation card	npass, independent of any d		
**	3.25	Halyards					
ጥጥ	3.25 <b>3.27</b>		n of two naiyai <b>on Lights</b>	rds, each capable of hoistir	ig a sail, on each mast		
**	3.27.1			e and so that they will not I	he masked by sails or the		
	J.Z/.1	heeling of		and so that they will not i	be masked by sails of the		
**	3.27.2	having lig		_	indescent bulbs are used the		
**			s than 12 m (3				
	a)		`	,			
**	3.27.2 b)	For LH 12	m (39'-4") and	l greater, 25 W			
**	3.27.4	spare bulk	os (not required	d for LED)			
	3.28		Generators,	Fuel			
	3.28.1	-	on Engines				
**	3.28.1	_		•	ance with their manufacturers'		
dede	a)	-		or the size and intended us			
**	3.28.1		_	• •	ed exhaust, cooling system,		
	d)		• • • • •	and shall have adequate he	eavy weather protection		
**	<b>3.28.2</b>	Generato		congrato from the property	on angina is sorried it shall be		
****	3.28.2	•	-	separate from the propulsion with the manufacturer's guid	on engine is carried, it shall be		
	3.29			pment, GPS, Radar, AIS			
MoMu1,2,3,4	3.29.05		<del>-</del>	transceiver, watertight or			
	5.25.05				ergency container (see OSR		
				5	2 ,		

\*\* 3.29.06 a second radio receiver, which may be the handheld VHF in 3.29.5 above, capable of receiving weather bulletins

SECTION 4 - PORTABLE EQUIPMENT

A boat shall have:

4.01 Sail letters & Numbers

<b>SECTION 4 - F</b>	PORTABL	E EQUIPMENT
		A boat shall have:
	4.01	Sail Letters & Numbers
**	4.01.1	Identification on sails which complies with RRS 77 and RRS Appendix G
	4.02	Search and Rescue Visibility
	4.03	Soft Wood Plugs
**	4.03.1	A tapered soft wood plug stowed adjacent to every through-hull opening
	4.04	Jackstays and Clipping Points
	4.05	Fire Fighting Equipment
**	4.05.1	A fire blanket adjacent to every cooking device with an open flame
MoMu4	4.05.2	2 fire extinguishers in different parts of the boat
Moriu i	4.06	Anchors
MoMu4	4.06	1 un-modified anchor that meets the anchor manufacturer's recommendation
MoMu	4.00	
		based on the boat's dimensions with suitable combination of chain and rope,
	4.07	ready for immediate assembly, and ready for deployment within 5 minutes.
**	4.07	Flashlights and Searchlights
<i>ተ</i> ተ	4.07	Watertight lights with spare batteries and bulbs as follows:
	4.08	First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit
**	4.08.1	A First Aid Manual and First Aid Kit. The contents and storage of the First Aid Kit
		shall reflect the likely conditions and duration of the passage, and the number of
		crew
	4.09	Foghorn
**	4.09.1	A foghorn
	4.10	Radar Reflector
**	4.10.1	A passive radar reflector with:
**	4.10.1	octahedral circular plates of minimum diameter 30 cm (12"), or
	a)	
**	4.10.1	octahedral rectangular plates of minimum diagonal dimension 40 cm (16"), or
	b)	
**	4.10.1	a non-octahedral reflector with a documented Root Mean Square minimum Radar
	c)	Cross Section (RCS) area of 2 m <sup>2</sup> (22 ft <sup>2</sup> ) from 0-360° of azimuth and ±20° of
	-,	heel
	4.11	Navigation Equipment
**	4.11.1	Navigational charts (not solely electronic), light list and chart plotting equipment
	4.12	Safety Equipment Location Chart
**	4.12.1	A safety equipment location diagram in durable waterproof material, clearly
	1.12.1	displayed in the main accommodation, marked with the location of principal
		items of safety equipment
	4.13	Depth, Speed and Distance Instruments
MoMu 1 2 2 4	4.13.2	A depth sounder
MoMu,1,2,3,4	<b>4.14</b>	·
		Spare Number
	4.15	Emergency Steering
**	4.16	Tools and Spare Parts
	4.16.1	Tools and spare parts, suitable for the duration and nature of the passage
**	4.16.2	An effective means to quickly disconnect or sever the standing rigging from the
		boat
	4.17	Boat's name
**	4.17.1	The boat's name on miscellaneous buoyant equipment, such as lifejackets,
		cushions, lifebuoys, recovery slings, grab bags etc.
	4.18	Retro-reflective material
**	4.18	Marine grade retro-reflective material on lifebuoys, recovery slings, liferafts and
		lifejackets
	4.19	EPIRBs
	4.20	Liferafts

4.20.1 Liferaft Construction

4.20.2 Minimum Liferaft Equipment

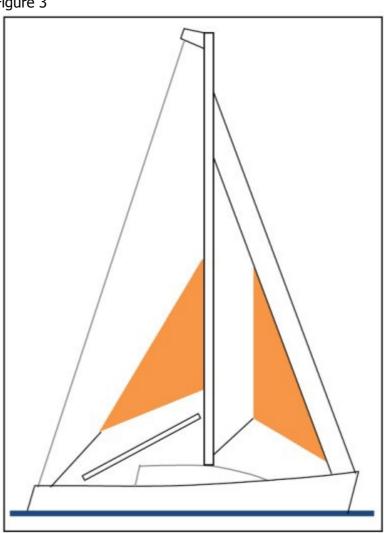
	4.20.3 4.20.4 4.21		t Packing and Stowage Number Bags	
**	4.21 f)	If a gra area of	b bag is provided it shall have in fluorescent orange colour on the	nerent flotation, at least 0.1 m <sup>2</sup> (1 ft <sup>2</sup> ) outside, shall be marked with the name
	4.22		poat, and shall have a lanyard an	•
	4.22		Overboard Identification and	Recovery
	4.22.1		· Beacons	
	4.22.2		ew Overboard Position	
MoMu3,4	4.22.3		oy with a self-igniting light, a wh nan and ready for immediate use	istle and a drogue within reach of the
**	4.22.6		flatable lifebuoy and any automa s in accordance with its manufac	tic device shall be tested and serviced at
**	4.22.7	A heavi		)diameter, 15 - 25 m (50 - 75') long,
	4.23	•	chnic and Light Signals	
**	4.23.1	Pyrotec Visual S	hnic signals shall be provided cor	nforming to SOLAS LSA Code Chapter III mped expiry date (if any) or if no expiry
	Race Ca		Red Hand Flares LSA III 3.2	Orange Smoke Flares LSA III 3.3
	MoMu0		4	2
	MoMu4			2
	4.24	Spare N	lumber	
	4.25	•	it Knife	
**	4.25.1	A stron		urely restrained shall be provided readily

#### 4.26 **Storm & Heavy Weather Sails**

## 4.26.1

\*\*

**Design** Figure 3



**  **  **	4.26.1 a) 4.26.1 b) 4.26.1 c) 4.26.1	The material of the body of a storm sail purchased after 2013 shall have a highly-visible colour (e.g. dayglo pink, orange or yellow)  Aromatic polyamides, carbon and similar fibres shall not be used in a trysail or storm jib but HMPE and similar materials are permitted  Sheeting positions on deck for each storm and heavy-weather sail  Sheeting positions for the trysail independent of the boom
**	d)	Sheeting positions for the trysall independent of the boom
	4.26.2	Sail Areas
**	4.26.2	The maximum area of storm sails shall be lesser of the areas below or as specified by the boat designer or sailmaker
**	4.26.2	area of 13.5% height of the foretriangle (IG) squared
**	a) i 4.26.2 a) ii	readily available means, independent of a luff groove, to attach to the stay
**	4.26.2	For sails made after 2011: Storm and heavy weather jib areas calculated as:
NA - NA - A	c)	(0.255 x luff length x (luff perpendicular + 2 x half width))
MoMu4	4.26.2 e) 4.28	Either mainsail reefing to reduce the luff by 12.5% or a heavy-weather jib as defined in 4.26.2 a) (or heavy-weather sail in a boat with no forestay) Spare Number
	4.29	Deck Bags
		SECTION 5 - PERSONAL EQUIPMENT
**	F 04	Each crew member shall have:
**	<b>5.01</b> 5.01.1	<b>Lifejacket</b> A lifejacket which shall:
**	5.01.1 a)	A mejucket Which Shair.
**	5.01.1 a)i)	if manufactured before 2012 comply with ISO 12402 - 3 (Level 150) or equivalent, including EN 396 or UL 1180 and:
**	5.01.1 a)i)	if inflatable have a gas inflation system
**	5.01.1 a)i)	have crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
**	5.01.1 a) ii	if manufactured after 2011 comply with ISO 12402-3 (Level 150) and be fitted with a whistle, lifting loop, reflective material automatic/manual gas inflation system
**	5.01.1	crotch/thigh straps (ride up prevention system (RUPS))
**	a) ii 5.01.1 c)	be clearly marked with the boat's or wearer's name
**	5.01.4	The person in charge shall personally check each lifejacket at least once annually.
	5.07	Survival Equipment
	6.02	SECTION 6 - TRAINING
	6.03	<b>Training Topics</b> Spare Number
	6.04	Routine Training On-Board
**	6.04	At least annually the crews shall practice the drills for:
**	6.04	Crew-Overboard Recovery
**	6.04	Abandonment of vessel
	6.05	Medical Training
MoMu3,4	6.05.3	At least one member of the crew shall be familiar with First Aid procedures, hypothermia, drowning, cardio-pulmonary resuscitation and relevant communications systems
	6.06	Diving Training APPENDICES TO SPECIAL REGULATIONS Appendix A - Moveable and Variable Ballast Appendix B - For Inshore Racing

**Appendix C - For Inshore Dinghy Racing** 

**Appendix D - A guide to ISO and other Standards** 

**Appendix E - World Sailing Code for the organisation of Oceanic Races** 

**Appendix F - Standard Inspection Card** 

**Appendix G - Model Training Course** 

**Appendix H - Model First Aid Training Course** 

Appendix J - Hypothermia

Appendix K - Drogues and sea anchors

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